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VOL. I.

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JULY 19, 1899.

NO. 5.

THE CITIZEN

T. G. PASCO,
EDITOR and MANAGER.

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THE CITIZEN, Berea, Ky.

PERSONALS

W. P. Chapman was here Sunday. Prof. Marsh is at the Clay Co. Institute.

J. M. Benge visited Jackson county last week.

Dr. Davis and E. M. Preston visited Newby Monday.

Geo. W. Gentry, of Silver Creek, was here Sunday.

Mrs. Martin left yesterday for a month at Chautauqua.

E. W. Baker, of Wallaceton, attended church at Berea Sunday.

Mrs. Yocom is in attendance at the institute at Booneville this week.

Prof. and Mrs. Dodge returned home Friday after a visit at Lexington.

Miss Sarah Jarman expects to teach at Blue Grass, this county, the coming term.

Charles Davis, of Elwood, Ind., arrived in town Saturday to visit relatives.

C. W. Gould and Sharp Holmes are assistant "bosses" on the Penniman excursion.

H. C. Tinsley attended the institute at Danville and the convention at Lexington.

Prof. Lehmann, Oberlin, O., spent last Sunday here, leading the music of the day.

Wesley and Norman Frost, sons of the President, are visiting friends in Clay county.

Miss Carrie Woods is a member of the Chautauqua Choir of over three hundred voices.

Miss Isla Gay returned home last Saturday after a visit in Louisville and Elwood, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. P. Morgan, of Winchester, visited Mrs. Talitha Morgan last week.

A. B. Sparks, Ex-county Attorney for Clay, passed through here Sunday on his way home.

Maurice Yocom leaves next Saturday on his way to spend the summer and fall with his grandmother.

Rev. and Mrs. William Lodwick, formerly teachers of music in Berea, are located at Stewartville, Minn.

S. E. Welch, J. M. Hart, and L. V. Dodge were at Lexington attending the convention last week.

C. F. Hanson went with the Penniman excursion as far as Clear Creek tanyard and remained over Sunday.

Miss Carrie Butler, of Wildie, Miss Munday, of Stanford, and Miss Witt, of Kingston, visited Mrs. Branaman last week.

Miss Carrie Woods and Pearl Baker left Chautauqua July 15th for a short trip to Niagara Falls and Lake Ontario.

Mrs. Mary Branaman Brown left Monday for her home in Chicago, after a visit with relatives and friends in this vicinity.

Miss Josephine A. Robinson leaves Prescott, Wis., tomorrow for Meridith Center, N. H., going by the way of the lakes from Duluth to Buffalo.

Mr. L. T. Shangle, one of Mrs. Yocom's childhood friends, who has been visiting here, left last week for Milford, O., where he visits a short time before returning to his home in Oskaloosa, Ia.

The many friends of Tutor Matheny will be sorry to learn that his wife has not been well this summer. With his usual energy Tutor proposes to attend to the matter, and has given up his study for the summer and taken her to Wyoming. He hopes to be back in Berea for extension work some time this fall.

LOCALS

It is not a brave man who waits until the leaves are out before he shoots.

The Mormons promise us a heaven on earth—but it is a very earthly heaven.

The Lord has sent rain—let us say as much in thanksgiving as we said in complaints.

If you like THE CITIZEN, and wish to know what is for your advantage, send in your subscription.

The Free Schools are opening—a man who does not send his children might as well put out their eyes.

Subscriptions are coming in fast; let's have yours.

The work train has been at Boone's Gap several days.

Government surveyors are locating a lock at Valley View.

Electric lights are to have a trial run at Richmond this week.

P. B. Broadus announces himself as candidate for sheriff on the Democratic ticket.

Squire E. C. Million is being urged to run for County Judge on the Republican ticket.

The Kentucky Conference of the M. E. Church South, will meet at Carlisle August 30.

Harwood received fifteen orders for tombstones in one week from Clay county recently.

If the average man would hold on to the money he earns like he does that which he owes, he would be rich.

By mistake last week, Dr. Robinson instead of Dr. Cornelius was mentioned as inserting an eye for Joe Purvis.

M. K. Pasco has some blue grass on his farm which is fully three feet tall. It is known as the English variety.

A Madison man claims to have killed sixty-six snakes at one stroke with a club. He must have accidentally struck the jug.

J. W. Crooks, of Richmond, has made application for a charter to establish the "United States National Bank of Havana, Cuba," with a capital of \$200,000.

Attention is called to the School items in another column. Teachers and others having interesting items are requested to send them in.

Mrs. Rowlett, an up-to-date dressmaker, of near Paint Lick, is staying at P. M. Reynolds' for a few weeks and offers her services to any who need them.

Brother Crawford has been severely afflicted with rheumatism for some time, and sometimes he is almost unable to walk. Last week he was suffering from it and at the same time discovered that he had a hive of bees which needed to have the honey removed. He went at it, and soon was cured of his rheumatism, as he made tracks for the house at a 2:40 gait when a bee crept quietly up his trouser leg and carefully prodded him.

A merry picnic of some of Paint Lick's best citizens was held last Wednesday at Slate Lick. There were present: Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Wallace, the Misses Francis, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Guy, Mr. Walker Guy, and his friends Messrs. McBride, of Louisville, and Lowry of Nickolasville, Rev. and Mrs. L. R. Echols, of South Carolina, Mrs. Wm. Anderson, Mrs. Robinson, Misses Fanny and Jennie Parks, Mr. James Ballard and Miss Ballard.

Mr. Penniman's party of excursionists started in good shape on Saturday. It included the Chapmans who were last year, Col. Sprague and family, New York, Miss Sprague and family, Louisville, Mrs. Desha Breckinridge and Miss Pettit of Lexington, Rev. G. W. Stearns and Miss Redfield and Freeborn of Massachusetts, Mr. Davis of Cincinnati, Mr. Bowens of New Haven, Conn., and others. They go as far east as Wise Co., Va.

It is said that one or two men who

had promised horses for the Penniman excursion took advantage of his necessity at the last moment to put up the price. Such conduct will surely react against a man and it will hurt all of us if Penniman is forced to give up these excursions or to have them start from some other point than Berea.

The excursion yielded no profit last year, and is likely to be little better this year, but it is for the good of this region to have the excursions made. They bring money here, and it is a good thing to have some folks from the cities make friends with our people and learn about the beauties and the resources of our mountains.

Convention.

The Republican Convention met at Lexington, July 12th, to nominate a State ticket. Harmony prevailed throughout all the sessions and was a pleasing contrast to the disgraceful times at the recent convention at Louisville.

The convention was organized with

Judge Breathitt as permanent chairman, and Albert White secretary. The following ticket was nominated:

Governor—W. S. Taylor.
Lieutenant Gov.—John Marshall, Louisville.

Sec. of State—Caleb Powers, Knox.
Atty. Gen.—Judge Pratt, Hopkins.
Auditor—J. S. Sweeney, Bourbon.
Treasurer—W. R. Day—Bourbon.
Supt. of Public Instruction—John Burke, Campbell.

Commissioner of Agriculture—John Throckmorton, Fayette.

Death.

Death has again entered our midst and taken one of our number in his young manhood and in the midst of his usefulness. Mr. J. Willard Ames, who has been known to Berea people for

many years was called away from earth while on his way back to Berea from Arizona, where he had gone in search of health. Just one month ago he went away but soon found he could not stand the climate, and Rev. Geo. Ames went to attend him on his way home. With difficulty he came as far as near Little Rock, Ark., where he died Sunday morning.

Mr. Ames arrived here with the body Tuesday and the funeral services will be held to-day, conducted by Rev. M. K. Pasco, the interment in the Berea cemetery following.

Willard was an industrious, honest young man, and had many friends in Berea and elsewhere. He was a fine business man and very competent druggist, having completed the course in pharmacy at Ann Arbor three years ago. Mr. Welch speaks in the highest terms of him as a faithful and very efficient clerk and one whose place will be hard to fill. In his death we lose a promising young man, one who will be greatly missed, for he was always kind and generous, and friendly with all. The sorrowing friends and relatives have the sympathy of all in their bereavement.

The L. & N., it is said, will extend its lines into Clay county, and the village of Manchester will soon hear the whistle of the locomotive for the first time. Engineers are now making a survey, and as soon as it is completed work will be begun. The line will run from some point in Laurel county to Manchester.

The Mormons.

Chief points in sermon by Rev. John D. Nutting, of Utah, in the Berea Church-house, July 16.

"Beware of false prophets, which come to you in sheep's clothing, but inwardly they are ravening wolves. Matthew 7:15."

We shall all agree that right views about religion are very important. After living many years in Utah, where the majority of the people are mormons, I feel able to tell something of the doctrines and practices of this false religion. And as I learn that the mormons are sending their missionaries into this region to convert you from Christianity to mormonism, I am here to sound a note of alarm.

I have here to say to you first of all that the so-called mormon elders, who are at work attempting to proselyte Christian people, are acting the part of wolves in sheep's clothing. They do not tell the real doctrines of mormonism nor reveal its practical workings. Thousands of poor people have been deceived by them and have gone to Utah only to meet bitter disappointment, and thousands more who have started out to follow these false guides have found that they did not know what they were doing.

In the first place, the mormon doctrines are very different from those suggested by the little card which the mormon elders distribute from house to house. For instance, the first article reads, "We believe in God, the eternal Father, and in his son, Jesus Christ, and in the Holy Ghost." Any Christian might say the same, but the question is what do they believe about God and about Christ and about the Holy Ghost. The Mohammedans believe in God and in Jesus Christ and in the Bible even, but they also believe in the Koran, and the teachings of the Koran practically set aside the teachings of the Bible. So the mormons, though they claim to believe in the Bible, believe also in the Book of Mormon, which is a fraud and a cheat, and in what they call the present day revelations, so that the head men of the mormon church claim the right any day to set aside the teachings of the Bible.

The Mormons believe in a God who who is only an exalted man, a God who has flesh and, who is really no other than Adam. That is what Joseph Smith and Brigham Young both taught, and what is taught today.

They believe in Jesus Christ as a man. They claim that he had three wives when he lived in in this world. They say that Christ and God are two persons, in the same sense that John and Peter are two persons. And when they say they believe in the Holy Spirit, they teach that it is nothing but a form of electricity.

Another of their doctrines is that men cannot help sinning. In their catechism stands this question, "Was it necessary that Adam partake of the forbidden fruit?" "Yes." "Did Adam and Eve lament or rejoice? They rejoiced with exceeding great joy.

Another doctrine is that the mormon priests or head men are a part of God and have the right to control the people in all things, spiritual or temporal. They claim the right to direct what business a man shall enter, and how many wives he shall have.

In investigating the practices of mormons, we must remember that mormonism has only been in existence a short time. The people who are mormons today have been greatly influenced by the Bible and they are not yet as bad as their children will be who are brought up on mormonism by itself. I can only mention one or two points. One is that the priests control absolutely the politics of their people.

Another is that they teach that it is a man's duty to have as many wives as he can support. Hundreds of sad-faced women may be seen in Utah whose happiness is destroyed by this teaching. And the example of this sensuality on the part of the mormon leaders leads to sensuality among all people. In all mormon villages are dance houses, fitted up with theatricals, where liquor is passed around, and boys and girls meet together unrestrained by the priests. And the majority of the marriages, it is believed, are forced by previous sin.

It is amazing that Christian people have not long since exposed and destroyed this great fraud. We are now organizing a society to enlighten the mormons and save the people whom these corrupt leaders are deceiving. Anyone who will hand me 10 cents or send it to my address, 739 Republic St., Cleveland, O., will receive a package of printed matter which will tell all about the mormons, and enable you to put to silence their missionaries.

Of course in practicing polygamy—the having of many wives—the mormons violate the laws of the land. They solemnly agreed to stop this when Utah was admitted as a state, but it has always been carried on in secret, and they have just elected a man named Roberts who has three women, to Congress. The christian people of the nation are rising up to protest against this great scandal.

At the close of the sermon the audience voted to send a petition to Congress for suitable action against the mormons, and a memorial was prepared and signed, to our member of Congress, asking his active service in this important cause.

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HEREA, : : KENTUCKY.

Antonio and Gabrielle

CHAPTER I.

PALERMO was not yet awake. Her eyes were still heavy with the night's slumbers, though here and there a shutter was flung open as the doaskey-earnt rattled past.

In the streets the gray mist of the sea still lingered, but the sun was struggling through and the golden glow on the red-roofed houses gave promise of a glorious day. The girl in the east rubbed her eyes as she raised her head from the blanket and smiled:

"We will have a good day, Petro," she said.

Petro nodded, and hit the donkey with the whip. It uttered little to him whether or not the sun shone, even if it were the day of Palermo's street fair. Wine tasted as well in the tavern as under the trees, and he knew the donkey could find the road back to Castelmonte through the clouds poured rain all day.

But the girl bubbled over with happiness. She sniffed the damp air and began to sing. Petro scowled. Finally, as they came upon a square and he drew up to let the donkey stick his nose in the fountain, he said:

"I will go to the tavern, Gabrielle. You can walk to the plaza."

With that the girl jumped to the ground and took the basket he handed to her. Across the square she walked, then down a narrow street and again turning, the boulevard, already decorated with flags and streamers, lay before her.

A few early arrivals like herself were there. Nearly all were girls, and they, too, carried baskets. Here and there a inn was stretching a gay awning over the street or dusting his wares.

Gabrielle kept on her way until she reached a little shop, where a pleasant-faced old man was taking down the gratings. As he caught sight of her he came down from the bench and kissed her on the cheek.

"You are early, Gabrielle," he said.

"I have come an hour before you said so that I might help you," she answered. And, unknitting off her straw bonnet, she began to fly about the place, hanging this vase into a new light and placing the little pieces of statuary along the shelves so that they would show to better advantage. She talked in a merry way as she moved about, and the old man smiled as he watched her. He was proud of this piece of his; proud of her pretty face, which always brought such



"GIVE ME ONE KISS," HE INSISTED.

tomers to his shop, and prouder still of her love.

As the morning progressed, the crowds began to gather in the plaza.

Fairday in Palermo a galavent. Every man and woman puts on his and her best, bright with ribbons and decorated with flowers. They walk about in the morning, looking into the booths and eating sweets. In the afternoon there are cock fights, and Punch and Judy shows and fencing bouts. Much wine is drunk, and in evening some on there are brawls and fights at the tavern.

This day was like all other fair days. By nightfall the streets were full of roisterers. But Gabrielle did not hesitate to start out alone when Petro failed to come after her.

From the tavern came shouts and songs, but she did not heed. Straight into the drinking-room she went, and there, sure enough, was Petro, sleepy with drink, but trying to keep his eyes open, so that he could pour more of the stuff down his throat.

Gabrielle pulled him by the sleeve. He looked at her in a dazed sort of way, but made no effort to rise from the table.

"Petro, it is time we were starting," she said. "It is late, and it will take us three hours to travel the road in the dark."

Petro still stared vacantly. But the others at the table were not so stupid when they saw a pretty girl. One of them caught Gabrielle by the wrist, and, drawing her toward him, tried to kiss her. She screamed and struggled to break from him, but he held her.

"Come, now, little one; give me one kiss," he insisted.

"Petro, help me," she cried. Petro did not move.

But from another corner of the room came unexpected aid. A boy dressed like a goatherd ran up. In one hand was his whip, and with it he struck the drunkard in the face. With a cry of rage, the fellow sprang up, releasing Gabrielle's arm. The boy stepped aside as he sprang at him, and, striking his foot out, tripped him so that he fell sprawling on the floor. A moment later the boy had seized the girl and they were running from the place.

In the tavern yard were many trees and in their shadow they sat down. Both were panting, but more from exertion than exertion. They said nothing for a time, but listened to the men in the room they had just left. They were quarreling. They cursed each other in angry tones, and finally the clerk of steel told the pair under the trees that they were fighting. There was a cry of pain, an oath or two, and then from the tavern door the brawlers ran, falling over each other in their drunken haste to escape from the place.

Then all was still. The boy spoke after a little.

"Shall we see what it is?" he asked the girl. He took her hand and they walked to the door. There was no living person there. The benches and tables were overturned; broken glasses were strewn over the floor, and in the center of the room upon his back and with the blood streaming from a dozen wounds lay Petro. The girl began to sob. Her companion tried to comfort her.

"It is useless to cry," said he. "Come, I will take you home."

CHAPTER II.

High on the hills above Palermo is Castelmonte. It is in ruin now and no one has lived there since Marquis Borghese died, ten years ago. But at that time it was the oldest and one of the grandest castles in Sicily. Travellers always visited the place, as they do yet, but then the marquis was always there to receive them and to serve a great dinner under the trees.

It was to this place, upon whose lands her father was a tenant, that Gabrielle and her cavalier came just as day was breaking. No one was yet astir and the girl showed the boy where to put the horse and cart. Then he followed her to her home, a cabin on the hillside.

There was excitement enough when Gabrielle's parents learned what had happened. It was needless to weep, for Petro was not worth much. And here was somebody to take his place—not so big and strong, perhaps, but he would grow. As Gabrielle said he had saved her and wanted him to remain, a place was given him at the table and he was shown to Petro's bunk in the shed. Thus it was that Antonio became a member of the household. After that he took the sheep out to their pastures in the morning and brought them back as the sun was failing like a golden meteor into the Mediterranean.

The vineyards were not then ready to give out their harvest and Gabrielle had little to do. She used to wander out upon the hillside, where Antonio was watching and talking to him. It was beautiful there. For hours they would lie on the grass and look up into the clear blue of the heavens or watch Mount Etna as the little line of black smoke curled through the air and finally vanished. Many confidences were exchanged there, and Gabrielle promised the boy that when they were a few years older the priest in the chapel should marry them and they would have a cottage of their own.

Then there was a war and Italy was filled with armies. It was not long, but when it was all over there was much trouble caused by bands of men who had been organized in the war. Gabrielle's father was a member of one of these societies. He violated some oath and was compelled to flee for his life. For many months he hid in the hills, occasionally visiting his family.

One night he came to them and said he was going to America. He kissed them good-by and started for a seaport town. That day his body was found alongside the road to Castelmonte. He had been stabbed in the back. Gabrielle and her mother did not remain in Sicily after that. The mother had relatives in this country, and four years ago she left her Italy and came to the United States. Antonio, homesick and heart-broken, was left behind.

CHAPTER III.

The other day a train from Chicago brought a car into the Union station that was filled with emigrants. They were bound for New Orleans, and they had nearly four hours to wait before their train left. They spent the time in the Midway, walking about on their bundles. Shortly after six o'clock another train bearing emigrants rolled into the train shed. They mingled with the earlier arrivals, and many found old friends whom they had not seen for years.

Near the baggage office, however, sat a young man who took no part in the conversation about him. He seemed to take no interest in what was going on.

Two women, one well along in life, the other many years younger, walked down the Midway. They looked at the emigrant who sat apart from the others. He, in his attention attracted by their stopping, looked up. For a minute there was no word spoken. Then, with a glad cry, the young woman rushed up to him and, flinging her arms around his neck, began to kiss him.

People on the Midway stopped and wondered. They did not know that Gabrielle and Antonio had met again.

It was not a long story to tell. Gabrielle went to Chicago with her mother when they arrived in this country. She wrote to her old home, but none of her letters were ever answered and she ceased to write. She and her mother, she said, had decided to go to her uncle's home in New Orleans.

"Then you are going away from me so soon?" asked Antonio.

"I suppose I must," said Gabrielle. "It is not necessary," answered he. "I am going to Chicago. I have work there. You might go with me."

Gabrielle looked down at the pavement. "Yes, if you want me."

Of course, the girl's mother objected, but Antonio finally won her consent, and she decided to return with them. And in the list of marriage licenses issued in Chicago last Tuesday appear these names: Antonio Martini, 1420 West Halsted street; Gabrielle Costa, 1429 West Halsted street.

HANDWRITING ON THE WALL

International Sunday School Lesson for July 20, 1890—Text, Daniel 13:7-8—Memory Verses, 24-25.

[Specially Adapted from Peloubet's Notes.]

GOLDEN TEXT.—God is the Judge.—Psalms 75:7.

READ Chapters 4 and 5.

LIGHT FROM OTHER SCRIPTURES.—The Judgment.—Matt. 25: Mark 13:28-31; Luke 12:2-10; Rom. 2:10-12. Reverence vs. Profanity.—Matt. 12:32; 13:55; 18:21-22; 23:17-18; 25:46; 26:52; 27:29. The Third Commandment, Capture of Babylon.—Isa. 13:22-23; 23:1-9; 45:1-3.

TIME.—Babylon. (Babylon makes it 800.)

The year that Babylon was taken by Cyrus, 40 or 50 years after our last lesson.

PLACE.—Probably in Babylon, on the Euphrates. The book of Daniel does not say where, and an inscription on a tablet speaks of him as being in Accad.

THE JEWISH.—It was near the close of the twenty years' captivity, and just before the return permitted by Cyrus.

RULERS.—Nabonidus, the king of Babylon.

Belshazzar, his eldest son, Cyrus, emperor of the Persians and the Medes or Nomads, and the Medes, and afterwards of Babylon.

EXPLANATORY.

Introductory.—The new Babylonian empire was short lived, beginning with Nabu-pal-uzur, the father of Nebuchadnezzar (B.C. 536). It rose in grandeur, power and extent of dominion till Babylon was taken by Cyrus (B.C. 539-9).

At the time of this lesson Nabonidus was the king. We have learned lately from the stone tablets that he had a son, Belshazzar, of whom nothing was known before. He was the crown prince, and may well have been acting as king during his father's absence from the city at this time, though he is not called king on the tablets. Neither do they say that he was the son (often equivalent to grandson in Hebrew) of Nebuchadnezzar (5:11); but there is nothing opposed to the view that Nabonidus, of another dynasty, married the daughter of Nebuchadnezzar, and thus Belshazzar would be his grandson.

Belshazzar was but a youth of 14 or 16 years, rash, wild and giddy with his uncontrolled power. Secure in his defenses, he made a great feast to a thousand of the nobles. He thought how he would enrich the splendor of his feast by the sacred goblets and dishes of gold that Nebuchadnezzar had taken from the temple at Jerusalem. The wickedness of this act consisted (1) in profaning these sacred utensils to base uses. (2) Increasing the insult by doing it at a feast to an idol, thus implying that the idol was superior to the living God. (3) In doing it at an immoral and drunken revel, thralldom.

Daniel interpreting the handwriting.—Va. 17-28. V. 17. "Let thy gifts be to thyself;" as a prophet of God he cannot speak for money or any reward. V. 18. "The most high God gave Nebuchadnezzar;" The true God is shown to be over all and above all. It was not Bel or Merodach, that controlled the affairs of the world. Then Daniel repeats the story told in chap. 4. V. 22. "And thou hast not humbled thine heart, though," etc.: You have not sinned through ignorance, but have gone on in a wicked course in spite of, in defiance of, God's lessons of warning. V. 23. "But hast lifted up thyself;" As a prophet of God he cannot speak for money or any reward. V. 24. "The most high God gave Nebuchadnezzar;" The true God is shown to be over all and above all. It was not Bel or Merodach, that controlled the affairs of the world. Then Daniel repeats the story told in chap. 4. V. 22. 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CASHIER'S HEAVY SHORTAGE.

Middlesex County Bank, of Perth Amboy, N. J., Mailed Out of Over a Hundred Thousand Dollars.

New York, July 15.—George M. Valentine, cashier of the Middlesex county bank of Perth Amboy, N. J., which was closed Friday, has surrendered himself, and is now in jail on account of a shortage in the bank's funds, which has been variously estimated all the way to \$105,000. The affair caused consternation among the business men of Perth Amboy, where the Middlesex bank was considered as strong as the eternal hills.

So panic-stricken did the residents of Perth Amboy become when it was learned that the Middlesex bank had failed to open for business as usual Friday morning, that crowds surrounded the Perth Amboy savings institution. What made the run on the savings bank appear all the more serious was the fact that the officers of the Middlesex bank and the officers of the Perth Amboy savings institution are identical, the business of both banks being transacted over the same counter.

Though it became necessary to call for the aid of the police for the purpose of maintaining order, G. H. Watson, the president of both banks, says that the funds of the Perth Amboy savings institution were not touched, that the \$300,000 deposited to the account of the savings institution is absolutely safe and that no matter how badly the Middlesex bank has been wrecked the savings bank will be able to meet all demands made upon it by the depositors. Three words of assurance from the officers of the savings bank had the effect of checking the run on this bank during the afternoon.

A detailed investigation of matters by President Watson and Robert N. Valentine, the cashier's father, showed that the cashier's checks and stubs did not correspond; that the checks called for more money than the stubs recorded, and that while taking the stub as the basis of accounting, the bank's financers would figure all right, the checks would show that the bank had been drawing heavily on its New York correspondent, the Park national bank.

The cashier in fact carried the accounts on the stubs and from them to the books correctly, but when the returns from the cashier's checks came he pocketed the difference between the stub and the check. Four or five months of this method of financing depleted the bank's reserve money and brought it to the verge of ruin. Then the cashier evidently secured a portion of the ready cash on hand and left Perth Amboy.

Thursday night the determination to close the bank was reached and Mr. Watson notified Chief of Police Burke and asked him to locate the missing cashier. Valentine, who had been in New York city, returned to Perth Amboy from Woodbridge accompanied by his counsel, Edward Savage. He declined to go into details about the shortage except to say that he was very sorry that he had got his friends into trouble and felt very bad about his wife and children.

President Watson is of the opinion that the cashier's defalcation will amount to at least \$105,000. Where the money went is unknown, as the cashier is said to have been moderate in taste and habits of life.

The Middlesex county bank was operated under a state charter and had been in operation many years.

Cashier Valentine was for years a clerk in the Park national bank of New York. In 1893 he was made cashier of the Middlesex bank. His bond was fixed for \$50,000. His relatives are wealthy and it is said they will try to make good the shortage.

New York, July 15.—The Park national bank, of this city, has obtained an attachment in the supreme court for \$31,500 against the Middlesex county bank of Perth Amboy, N. J., \$30,200 on overdrafts, and \$1,302 due on collections. The attachment was granted by Justice Stover, of the supreme court. Deputy Sheriff McGuire attached mining stocks and bonds belonging to the bank at the office of the Park national bank.

Two Lynchings in Texas.

Houston, Tex., July 15.—Specials to the Post tell of two lynchings in Texas Friday. Abe Brown, a Negro, who murdered and outraged a Bohemian woman Monday, was shot to death near Gillett, and an unknown Negro was lynched near Iola, Grimes county, for murdering a white boy, Lemuel Sharp.

Lient Col. Smith Dead.

Sr. Lucia, July 15.—Lieut. Col. Smith, in charge of the U. S. quartermaster's department here, died at his home Thursday night. Except for his housekeeper nobody else was in the house, his wife being absent in Arizona visiting a married daughter.

Farm Hands Killed by Lightning.

DANVILLE, Ill., July 15.—Day Winger and Otto Fisher, farm hands, were instantly killed by lightning Friday afternoon on the farm of E. F. Frankenstein, at St. Joe. They had taken refuge from the storm in a barn. David Fisher also was stunned, but will recover.

George Dixon Received the Death.

CHICAGO, July 15.—George Dixon, the colored featherweight, got the decision in a six round bout over Eddie Santry, a local 123 pounder, at the Star theater Friday night.

GERMAN FLAG TORN DOWN.

It Was Hoisted Over a Honolulu Hotel July 4—Destroyed by American Soldiers—Trouble May Arise.

HONOLULU, July 7, via Victoria, R. C., July 15.—There was a flag incident here on the Fourth of July which promises to be made an international episode. Carl Klemme, the proprietor of the Orpheum hotel, gaily decorated his building in American colors, hoisted the American flag over it and under the American flag the German flag.

A friend of his wanted to use an American flag, and Klemme good-naturedly loaned him his, leaving the German flag floating alone from the flag staff.

J. H. West saw it, and ordered Klemme to haul it down. There had been ill will between the two men before, and Klemme refused to take orders from his enemy. What therupon gathered a lot of soldiers from the transport Sherman and showed them the German flag floating on the 4th of July in American territory. The soldiers at once proceeded to the roof, tore down the German flag and destroyed it, and put into its place some red, white and blue bunting torn from the other decorations of the building. West was Friday fined \$100 in the police court for malicious mischief and the German consan general will make a report of the matter to his government.

NEW JERSEY NEGRO COLONY.

A Scheme to Establish Own Oak Grove Farming Farm—An Up-to-Date Town Will Be Built.

NEW YORK, July 15.—A scheme to establish a Negro colony at Oak Grove, near Flemington, N. J., is assuming form. The farm of former Sheriff W. Howard Lake has been selected as the site. Mapshave been prepared on a large scale by competent engineers providing for every need of a thoroughly up to date town.

These plans contemplate a big shoe factory on the co-operative plan and the running of a branch of the Lehigh Valley railroad into the town. Part of a large grove has been set aside as a camp meeting ground. A large number of the best known colored people of the state, including many preachers and a colored bishop, have investigated the project and given substantial aid. A tract of land has been given, it is said, to Henry C. Smith, of the Christian National Industrial and Mutual Order of New York, for an industrial school, and steps are to be taken at once for the erection of a building.

BIG ESTATE ALMOST GONE.

The Lawyer's Fees and the Court Costs Amounted to Nearly Two Million Dollars.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 15.—It became known through papers filed in the supreme court here Friday that of the estate of Roaril S. Burrows, who died 15 years ago, but \$100,000 remains. The property at the time of Mrs. Burrows' death was worth \$2,000,000 and has not since depreciated in value, but has passed into the hands of the lawyers who have been suing the estate on behalf of clients who claimed that Burrows owed them money on loans. None of the suits have been decided, but coats and lawyers' fees have eaten up over \$1,000,000 of the estate. This fact came to light Friday when the referee appointed in one of these cases filed his report, which alleges that the money is practically all gone, and also that a son of Burrows had drawn \$80,000 more than his share of his father's property.

FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT.

Choctaw Indian Authorities Who Refused to Recognize a Federal Judge's Writ of Habeas Corpus in Trouble.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—It is said at the department of justice that if the Choctaw Indian authorities refused to recognize a writ of habeas corpus regularly issued by a judge of the federal court in the case of the Indian Walla Tonka, who was executed in the Indian Territory Thursday, the judge has the right to punish the offenders for contempt of court. The department of justice however, has no jurisdiction in the matter as it now stands and whether the federal judge will prosecute the Indians for contempt is a matter clearly within his discretion.

To Fight the Wall Paper Trust.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 15.—The Pittsburgh Wall Paper Co. will have in operation at New Brighton, Pa., by September 1 one of the largest wall paper plants in the world. The company has been organized to fight the Continental Wall Paper Co., the wall paper trust. The plant will be capable of making 100,000,000 yards of wall paper yearly.

Barns and Sheds Burned.

EATON, O., July 15.—Fire destroyed the barn and wagon shed of Anthony Yeast, a farmer living near Camden. Five buggies and a wagon, one horse, all harnesses and agricultural implements were lost. Loss \$1,500, partly insured.

Murderer Executed.

EASTMAN, Ga., July 15.—Will Wilson, colored, was hanged here Friday for the murder of Marshal Oaboro, of Chauncy county. He denied any complicity in the crime.

HIS BATH NOT A SUCCESS.

Being in a Hurry He Forgot to Take Off His Under-clothes.

It seems her husband had been out very late Saturday night and had come home in the early hours of the morning he thought it would be a capital idea to take a bath before getting into bed. First of all and most important it would contradict any wrong impression as to his condition, as his wife sometimes had wrong impressions when he had been out late at night. Women are so suspicious.

So he went boldly to the bathroom and was soon splashing around as gayly as a canary. In fact, he created such an unnatural commotion that his wife woke up and went to see what was the matter.

Suddenly he saw her passing through the door with a look so cold and unkind that it struck a chill to his very heart. But he made a dive for the soap and went on industriously with his ablutions.

"What are you doing there, Peter?" she asked him.

He made the effort of his life to appear debonair and perfectly sober.

"Can't you see what I am doing, my dear?" he answered, with another prodigious splash.

"I don't think it would be a good idea for you to take off your underclothes," she said him, with a frozen reflection, as she passed out of sight.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A Startling Anecdote.

A latin professor was explaining the derivation of our word "ancestor" to his class in a local college the other day. He told the story of the early Roman roughhounds and the scheming of the politicians of the times. He related how, when any man in the republic became obnoxious to his neighbors, they need to write his name on an ostrich shell (Latin—ostreum, shell), and on the receipt of a specified number by the consul that man was banished, killed or otherwise removed in some one of those pleasant ways the old Romans had. When he had finished his explanation he said:

"Now, the boy here in the front seat, what did we derive from the old Latin use of the shell, which was called ostrum?" The answer he expected was far from what he got, for the little student with spectacles on the front seat arose and declared himself thus:

"From the Roman habit of using shells to get the heat of people we derive the present Coney Island shell game, which is a fascinating and costly sport."—Brooklyn Times.

Recovered His Own Tablecloth.

The head of one of the largest dry goods houses in Chicago noticed one day recently in passing through his linen department a particularly beautiful table cloth. He stopped to admire the texture of the linen and remarked to the clerk in charge of the counter that the cloth seemed to him to be of the finest quality and that it had been in stock.

When he noticed that the beautiful cloth was not in the show case and was told by the clerk that it had been sold. On the evening of the same day he dined at the house of a friend, who is prominent in social affairs. Passing through the linen department on the third morning he saw the splendid tablecloth again hanging in the show case. "I thought that cloth was sold," he said to the clerk. "It was, sir, but it was returned this morning as not satisfactory." "I am surprised at that," was the answer, "for I found that cloth last night and heard no fault found with it."—Detroit Free Press.

The One Exception.

He—To hear you tell it, one would think I never told a single truth before we were married.

She—Well, you did prevaricate to a considerable extent, but I'll give you credit for having told me the truth once.

"Indeed?" And when was that, pray?

"When you proposed. Don't you remember you said you were unworthy of me?"—Chicago Evening News.

Comparing Notes.

"My husband," said the little lady, with pardonable pride, "bought me a season seat in the highest-priced theater in the city."

"A mere trifle," sighed the imposing caller. "My husband bought a seat in the United States senate and it cost more than the whole theater you're talking about."—Detroit Free Press.

No man should be hopeless so long as he has two good, honest friends—his bands.

—L. A. W. Bulletin.

It is surprising how many worthless men get into good positions, but they rarely ever hold them.—Washington (D. C.) Democrat.

Som fathers never see their daughters excepting on pay-day.

—Atchison Globe.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, July 15.

LIVE STOCK—Cattle, common \$3 25 @ 4 10

Selected butchers..... 4 70 @ 5 10

CALVES—Live, good light..... 60 @ 65

HOGS—Fatten, average..... 25 @ 30

Mixed packers..... 4 25 @ 4 30

LIGHT SHIPPERS..... 4 25 @ 4 30

SHEEP—Choice..... 2 75 @ 2 15

LAMB—Choice..... 2 75 @ 2 15

FLOUR—Winter patient..... 3 30 @ 3 60

GRAIN—Wheat—No 2 red..... 6 25 @ 7 25

corn—No 2 mixed..... 6 25 @ 7 25

rye—No 2..... 6 25 @ 7 25

MAIZE—Prime to choice..... 13 00 @ 13 50

PRUNIONS—Meat pork..... 9 75 @ 10 25

CABBAGE—Canner..... 5 00 @ 5 25

TURNIPS—Choice dairy..... 16 @ 20

APPLES—Choice to lancy..... 2 25 @ 3 00

POTATOES—New, per bushel..... 1 50 @ 1 75

CHICAGO

FLOUR—Winter patient..... 3 75 @ 3 75

GRAIN—Wheat—No 2 red..... 7 10 @ 7 25

corn—Mixed..... 7 10 @ 7 25

Oats—No 2 white..... 7 10 @ 7 25

rye—No 2 Western..... 7 10 @ 7 25

LATTICE—First quality..... 4 10 @ 4 10

HOGS—Western..... 4 50 @ 4 50

INDIANAPOLIS

GRAIN—Wheat—No 2 red..... 7 10 @ 7 25

Corn—Mixed..... 7 10 @ 7 25

Oats—No 2 white..... 7 10 @ 7 25

rye—No 2 Western..... 7 10 @ 7 25

LARD—Steaks..... 5 75 @ 5 75

Louisville

FLOUR—Winter patient..... 3 75 @ 4 00

GRAIN—Wheat—No 2 red..... 6 25 @ 7 25

Corn—Mixed..... 6 25 @ 7 25

Oats—No 2 white..... 6 25 @ 7 25

rye—No 2 Western..... 6 25 @ 7 25

LARD—Steaks..... 5 75 @ 5 75

BALTIMORE

FLOUR—Winter patient..... 3 75 @ 3 75

GRAIN—Wheat—No 2 red..... 6 25 @ 7 25

Corn—Mixed..... 6 25 @ 7 25

Oats—No 2 white..... 6

COUNTY NEWS.

Copy for this Department must reach the office on Saturday preceding date of issue.

Madison County.

Panola.

Miss Lillie McWhorter will teach the Green Hill school.

John B. Ledford is teaching a choral class near McKee.

E. L. Baker and W. D. Logsdon attended the Lexington convention.

Milton Owens and Thos. Baker, of Jessamine, are visiting friends and relatives here.

The Misses Benton and Butler, and Mr. Walter Benton are visiting their cousin, Miss Katie Benton.

ALSON BAKER.

Owsley County.

South Fork:

Tutor Raymond, of Berea, paid Owsley a short visit last week.

Rev. S. K. Ramey preached at White Oak Sunday to a large audience.

Miss Nannie Reynolds, of Berea, has been visiting friends here the past week.

Mrs. J. S. Rowland, who has been dangerously ill for several weeks, is slowly improving. ELLIS SEALE.

Traveler's Rest.

Schools are now beginning.

Corn crops are the worst known for years.

Owsley instructed her delegates for Taylor, and helped to nominate him.

Your correspondent and several other Owsley people attended the Lee county convention last week.

The Circuit Court of Lee county convened at Beattyville July 10.

Sunday-school here is having a large attendance and is doing good.

A. J. BAKER.

Eversole.

We are glad indeed to have THE CITIZEN in our neighborhood.

Mrs. Malinda Cole, who has been sick with typhoid, is still very low, but is improving.

There has been an improvement in corn for the last two weeks. A good prospect for a fair crop.

Wm. Reynolds, of this place has again returned to Perry County where he has been hauling saw-logs for some time.

S. McGuire, dealer in monuments and tombstones, has been in our neighborhood canvassing and selling a few.

Several of the boys and girls of this place attended the funeral of Jackson Bagley at the cemetery near Booneville, last Sunday.

Preparation is being made to repair the school house in Dist. No. 28. Parents should wake to the sense of their duty and they will have a successful school.

Mr. Walter Braudenburg, formerly of Madison County, has bought A. Davidson's stock of goods, and contemplates running a full supply at the old stand.

Jacob Gabbard, the oldest man in Owsley, now 86 years old, is enjoying very good health, but is failing in strength. He says that he is ready to go when the time comes.

Mr. R. R. Wilson, one of Owsley's best and most highly appreciated citizens was taken with illness last Thursday and the physicians say that he will probably never recover.

We wish all our citizens would subscribe for THE CITIZEN that they may keep posted on local and foreign news. It gives it all, and also tells you the advantages Berea College offers. I am personally acquainted with the editor of THE CITIZEN and he is worthy of all the support that you can give him.

C. B. MOORE.

Clay County.

Ammie.

Lee Doyle, son of Martin Doyle, is very sick with fever.

Deputy Stubblefield, who was shot by Mart Smith, had to have his leg and arm amputated. GEO. BAKER.

Onedia.

Good mules and work cattle are in demand.

Christopher Burns killed a 12-pound coon.

Chas. Singleton caught a wild turkey gobbler in a thicket.

School began here July 10, with Frank Carnahan teacher.

A. Haeker will soon return to Oneida and bring his family.

D. K. Barker of Brutus, Ky., has been here buying young cattle.

Logging is the work now. Several large contracts have been begun.

Mrs. Nancy Burns is improving after a severe case of heart disease.

John E. Roberts has a patent on some machinery and is offered \$50,000 for it.

S. B. Saylor.

Sidell.

M. H. Frederick, of Ogles, passed through here last Saturday on his way to visit friends at Dory.

James Stubblefield, who was shot in Manchester last week, is improving and says he will recover.

Montgomery Hounchell died July 10th, aged 82 years. He leaves a large number of friends and relatives.

The Clay County Teachers' Institute will be held at Manchester during the week beginning July 17. Prof. M. B. Jones has been engaged as conductor.

Rev. Parsons, of Berea and Perry man, of Middleborough, preached at Burning Springs yesterday. They will remain in this vicinity for several days, working for the interest of the Burning Springs school.

J. D. CLARKSTON.

Jackson County.

Tyner.

Teacher's Institute, at McKee, July 31.

Wolery Eversole and wife passed back through here from Brodhead last week.

Our respected postmaster, R. B. Reynolds, had a severe attack of sickness last week, but is now well again.

Some trouble arose recently between Charley Venable and another party, at Rock Spring. Some shots were fired but fortunately no one was hurt.

There is considerable dissatisfaction around here in regard to schools, school trustees, and school teachers. May the time hasten when such important work can be done successfully, satisfactorily and with cooperation.

MADISON COUNTY.

Evergreen.

Mrs. Mary Lake is very low with cancer of the stomach.

A large rattle snake was seen in our neighborhood recently.

There seems to be a good crop of buckleberries in this section.

Miss Minnie Lake is expected home in a few days on a week's visit.

The sermon at Pine Grove Sunday was delivered by Rev. Joseph Hornsby and was well attended.

After a week's visit at home, Miss Nannie Lake returned to Disputanta, where she expects to teach.

We are glad to hear that so many of our young people have been able to secure certificates and will teach during the summer.

Rev. James Lunsford and daughter Dora, of Wallacetown, are visiting Joel Lahey and family. He will preach at Cave Springs Sunday. We welcome Brother Lunsford, as he used to be pastor at Pine Grove church.

KATE S. LAKE.

Clover Bottom.

Miss Mary Hatfield is teaching school at Drip Rock.

Miss Mary Sparks was the guest of Miss Viola Click Sunday.

Rain is needed badly. Crops are not good because of the drought.

A large crowd attended preaching at the Kirby Knob church Sunday.

Black-berrries are scarce here, but people are saving the few there are.

Miss Sephronia Kimberlin was pleasantly entertained by the Misses Hatfield, Saturday.

Mr. John Dean teaches the Long Branch School this fall. It will be his first term and we wish him much success.

Mr. Simpson McGuire was in this place Saturday placing a beautiful marble monument at the graves of Mr. Henry Bicknell's wife and son.

Messrs. F. C. Click and C. H. Parkey passed through here last weekend, route for Fleming Co. where they will canvass for the Silver-Leaf Nurses.

M. EVA CLICK.

Collingsworth.

Mrs. David Witt is very sick.

O. I. Carr is visiting relatives at Panola.

Louis Sandlin, of Kingston, visited relatives here last week.

Mr. H. Powell has just returned from Irvine on a business trip.

School began at Birch Lick Monday with J. M. Gilbert as teacher.

Sherman Ledford passed through here last week with a nice drove of sheep.

Mr. T. P. Marcus and Wm. Alumbaugh have been to Station Camp on a fishing trip.

In defending himself against four men recently, Marion Potter shot James Robins badly.

Mr. Chas. Hurst and Miss Hulda Morris were married July 13. Mr. Wm. Callahan and Miss Lizzie Gabbard were married July 8.

L. POWELL.

Bell County.

Pineville.

Many of the Bell County boys plan to attend Berea College this winter.

Lumber handling has begun at the head of left hand fork of straight creek.

Mr. Jno. Culton has been down with heart trouble quite awhile and is not improving. He is likely to die.

G. H. KNUCKLES.

Knuckles.

Lots of sickness in this vicinity.

Judge J. F. Neal is in the last stage of consumption.

O. V. Riley, of Bell, is very low with pneumonia and recovery is very doubtful.

John Culton, the agent for the Appalachian Land Co., is very low with consumption.

P. Hendrickson, one of Bell's best citizens, passed from this life. He leaves hosts of friends to mourn his loss.

A. J. Asher, of Pineville, has bought The Burt & Brabb Lumber Company's timber, of this place. Mr. Asher is a business man and we are glad to have him in our midst.

T. J. KNUCKLES.

Rockcastle County.

Bee Lick

Rain which was badly needed fell last Wednesday.

Mr. M. G. Dowell began his school in Madison July 10.

Mr. H. S. Tompkins took his leave this morning for Knoxville.

Dr. D. E. Proctor of Louisville is with his father, W. G. Proctor.

Mrs. A. E. Murcer returned home from Lexington last Saturday.

The new Telephone line from Crab Orchard to Bee Lick will soon be completed.

Rev. Oliver Walden preached an interesting sermon at the Baptist church Sunday.

M. H. Barnes, O. W. Cummins, H. S. Tompkins and Gene McWilliams attended the Brodhead picnic.

W. H. BARNES.

Institutes.

Teachers' institutes are to be held in the various counties at the following times and places:

July 17-21 Clay, Manchester.

Owsley, Booneville.

July 21-28 Lee, Beattyville.

Leslie, Hyden.

July 31 Jackson, McKee.

Aug. 3 Wolfe, Hazel Green.

Aug. 3 Madison, (cont.) Richmond.

Aug. 7-11 Madison, Richmond.

Aug. 21-25 Estill, Irvine.

Sept. 11-16 Laurel and Whitley, at Williamsburg.

LADIES' HALL.

SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

THE HOME.

Edited by Mrs. KATE F. TURNER, Teacher in Berea College.

THE SCHOOL.

Edited by Mrs. ELIZABETH YODER, Dean of the Normal Department, Berea College.

THE FARM.

Edited by Mr. S. C. MASON, Professor of Botanical, Berea College.

Better Roads

Everywhere schools are beginning and institutes are being held. I wonder if we know just how much a school means in each neighborhood? Why, fathers and mothers, your boy has in him the making of a man who shall bless the world by his living in it, but he may grow up just a common, very common, man who will eat and drink and sleep, and wake and die and leave the world worse rather than better. I have seen many birds trained so that they would climb little ladders step by step, would draw tiny carts, would be down and play that they were dead and do many other things that made them seem wise. When the man comes from the field where he has plowed all day he has possibly a short errand to do then is free to sit down and visit with a neighbor or read the newspaper. But with woman's work it is different. For after all the regular housework is done the ever present spinning basket presents itself as a spectre, and darning and patching consume the evening. All days are alike, until life seems only a dreary round of work.

Here is where the proverb will help you. If you will settle the first part of it, that will settle the rest. It is comparatively easy to have everything in its place if you have a place ready for it. Just think how many things are thrown upon the floor or piled upon the crowded tables or chairs because no one has had the enterprise to put up a shelf or two and fasten a few hooks into the wall.

Woman should do all she can to lighten her work, and she will find that much of the work is gone when there is the habit of putting things where they belong instead of wherever it happens to be. A few shelves cost almost nothing, but they are worth a good deal when we find how convenient they are. Then a few books for coats and hats are very cheap, but they will save a great deal of work in a year. A pretty and useful corner cupboard may be made at small expense, in the winter, perhaps, when the men have more time.

It is a great convenience to have everything so well arranged that you could put your hand on whatever you want, even in the dark. Now this must come through the mothers and daughters. They must plan the things which will save their steps and their time, and then persuade the men-folks to do the work. The house will have a neater, more homelike look, the work will be